PART III. Universitywide Indicators with Campus Comparisons

Section 4. Undergraduate Student Profile

Goals
As a public institution, the University of California has an historic commitment to providing admission for all eligible applicants who are residents of California. In accordance with the 1998 Regental Policy on Undergraduate Admissions, the University seeks to enroll “a student body that, beyond meeting the University’s eligibility requirements, demonstrates high academic achievement or exceptional personal talent, and that encompasses the broad diversity of cultural, racial, geographic and socioeconomic backgrounds characteristic of California.”

Measures
This section depicts the makeup of the University’s undergraduate population, which is measured across a variety of dimensions. UC undergraduate students are predominantly young, recent high school graduates enrolled full time in a residential setting. The vast majority of UC undergraduates come from California and together they begin to approximate the state’s socioeconomic, linguistic, and cultural complexion.
Indicator 4.1
Entering Freshman and Transfer Students, 2000-01 to 2007-08

Source: UCOP Corporate Student System.

- Comparative data on the number of transfer students are not available nationally.

Note: Data include all transfer students, including both upper-division and lower-division CCC transfer students, inter-campus transfers from other UC campuses, transfers from other California 4-year institutions and 2- and 4-year transfers from out-of-state. The overwhelming majority (87 percent) of transfer students are upper-division transfers from California community colleges.
4.1 (continued) Entering Freshman and Transfer Students, 2000-01 to 2007-08

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)
The number of undergraduates at UC has grown about 23 percent between 2000 and 2008, from 140,938 to 172,774 students.

By policy, UC expects undergraduate students to enroll full-time, although a small number of part-time enrollees are permitted in exceptional cases. Full-time enrollment is associated with higher graduation rates.

In 2008, approximately 97 percent of all UC undergraduates were enrolled full-time.

Note: Full-time students are those with 12 or more units; part-time students are those with fewer than 12 units. At Davis, part-time enrollment figures prior to Fall 2007 are inflated because some units earned in a basic writing course were not included in a student’s total number of units attempted per term. Consequently, the course loads of some students did not meet the minimum number of units needed to qualify them as full-time students, even though in terms of total actual units attempted their course load equaled or exceeded the required minimum. This oversight has been fixed as of Fall 2007.
4.2 (continued) Full-Time and Part-Time Undergraduate Enrollment, Fall 2000 to 2008

Berkeley

Davis

Irvine

Los Angeles

Merced

Riverside

San Diego

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)

Santa Barbara

Santa Cruz
Indicator 4.3
Undergraduate Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity – UC and Comparison Institutions, Fall 2007

Source: IPEDS Enrollment Survey.

Note: Universitywide data exclude San Francisco, which has no undergraduates. The Association of American Universities (AAU) is a nonprofit association of 60 U.S. and two Canadian preeminent public and private research universities; six UC campuses are members (Berkeley, Davis, Irvine, Los Angeles, San Diego and Santa Barbara).
4.3 (continued) Undergraduate Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity – UC and Comparison Institutions, Fall 2007
Indicator 4.4
Undergraduate Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity, Fall 2000 to 2008

Source: UCOP Corporate Student System.

Note: "Other/Unknown" includes students who declined to state their race/ethnicity.
4.4 (continued) Undergraduate Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity, Fall 2000 to 2008

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)
Indicator 4.5
Undergraduate Enrollment by Gender – UC and Comparison Institutions, Fall 2006

Source: IPEDS Enrollment Survey.
4.5 (continued) Undergraduate Enrollment by Gender – UC and Comparison Institutions, Fall 2006

UC and Comparison Institutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
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Indicator 4.6
Undergraduate Enrollment by Gender, Fall 2000 to 2008

Source: UCOP Corporate Student System.

- The higher percentage of female undergraduates at UC is consistent with nationwide trends showing higher college-going rates among female high school graduates.

- Male/female ratios vary across ethnic groups. African-American and Latino/Chicano males have markedly lower rates of participation than white and Asian-American males.
4.6 (continued) Undergraduate Enrollment by Gender, Fall 2000 to 2008

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)
The overwhelming majority (91 percent) of UC undergraduates are from California.

Because of its commitment to serving California residents, the University enrolls very few non-resident and international undergraduate students.

Note: International students are defined in terms of their visa status; other U.S. residents are defined in terms of their fee-based residency status.
4.7 (continued) Geographic Distribution of Undergraduate Students, Fall 2000 to 2008

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)
College students are classified as “traditional” (up to age 25) and “nontraditional” (age 25 and older). Nontraditional students are often working full time and/or raising families.

The average age of UC undergraduates in Fall 2008 was about 20 years and 4 months. More than 96 percent of all undergraduates at UC are under 25, compared to about 60 percent at all four-year institutions nationally. As these data show, UC enrolls very few nontraditional undergraduates; virtually all its undergraduates are traditional age students who are attending college on a full-time basis.

The average age of UC undergraduates has fallen slightly over the past eight years, primarily because students are graduating in less time. As shown in Indicator 1.2, the number of entering freshmen who graduate in four years has been increasing steadily over time.
4.8 (continued) Age of Undergraduate Students, Fall 2000 to 2008

Berkeley

Davis

Irvine

Los Angeles

Merced

Riverside

San Diego

(San Francisco has no undergraduates)

Santa Barbara

Santa Cruz
Indicator 4.9
First-Generation Undergraduate Students, Fall 2008

Universitywide

Source: UCOP Corporate Student System

- A first-generation undergraduate is one for whom neither parent holds a four-year degree.
4.9 (continued) First-Generation Undergraduate Students, Fall 2008

Berkeley

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 61%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 31%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

Davis

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 51%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 41%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

Irvine

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 59%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 33%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

Los Angeles

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 56%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 36%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

Merced

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 43%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 49%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

Riverside

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 43%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 50%
- Unknown/missing: 7%

San Diego

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 53%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 39%
- Unknown/missing: 8%

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)

Santa Barbara

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 58%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 36%
- Unknown/missing: 6%

Santa Cruz

- At least one parent is a college graduate: 60%
- Neither parent is a college graduate: 33%
- Unknown/missing: 7%
Indicator 4.10
First Language Spoken at Home for Undergraduate Students, Fall 2008

Universitywide

- English Only: 50%
- English and Other Language: 30%
- Other Language Only: 19%
- Unknown/Missing: 1%

Source: UCOP Corporate Student System.
4.10 (continued) First Language Spoken at Home for Undergraduate Students, Fall 2008

Berkeley

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Davis

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Irvine

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Los Angeles

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Merced

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Riverside

[Diagram showing language distribution]

San Diego

[Diagram showing language distribution]

(San Francisco has no undergraduates.)

Santa Barbara

[Diagram showing language distribution]

Santa Cruz

[Diagram showing language distribution]